



IPR Food Science Workshop

FINS, Novi Sad, 11-12th December 2017

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Need for technology transfer for a resilient food industry

Declan J. Troy, Assistant Director of Research, Teagasc, Ireland.

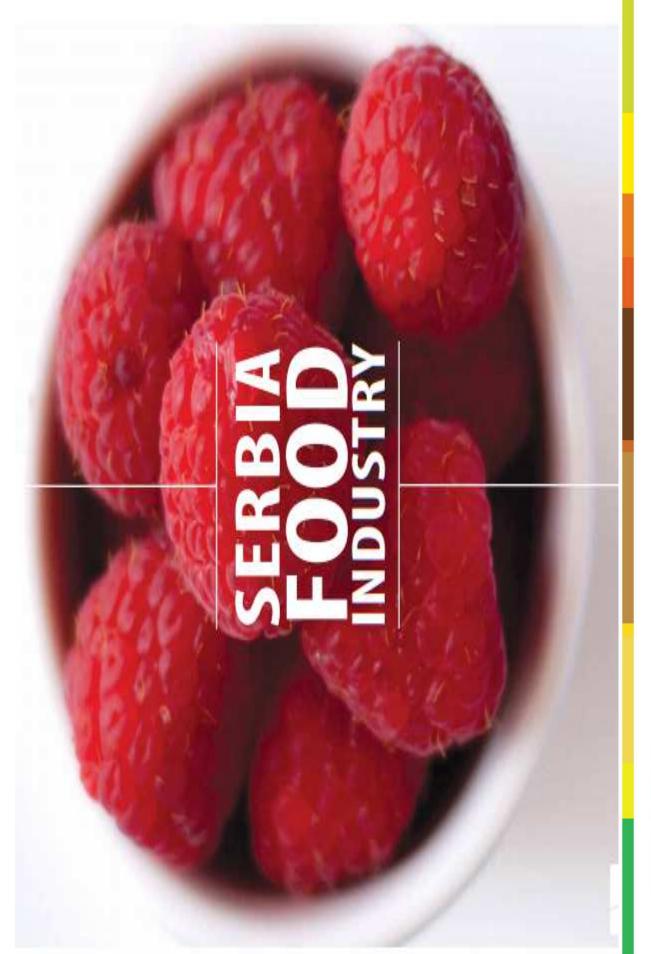








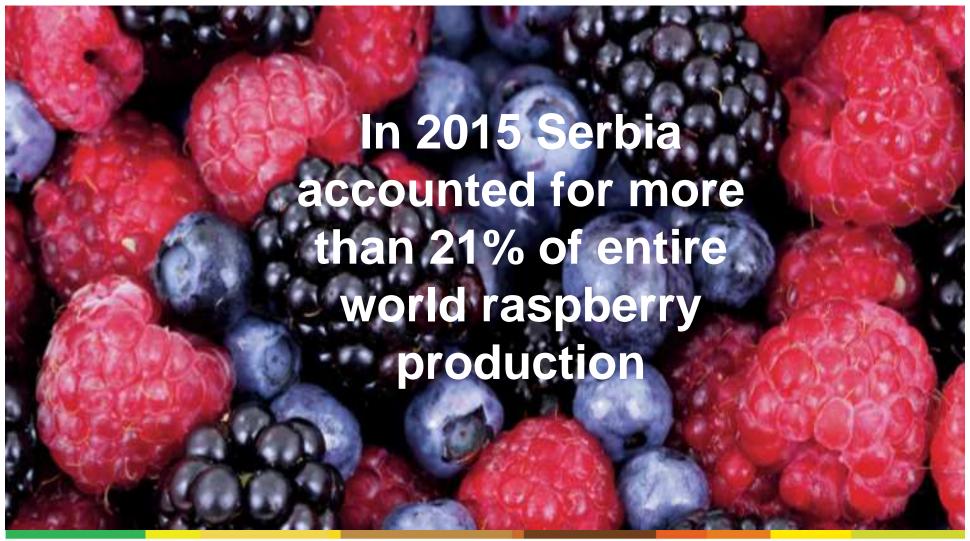
Innovative Food Product Development Cycle: Frame for Stepping Up Research Excellence of FINS







EXPORTS









The Irish Agriculture and Food Development Authority



The Irish Agriculture and Food Development Authority







Greater than 25 fold in value The Irish Agriculture and Food Development Authority

AGRICULTURE AND FOOD DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY





Greater than 1400 cutod of ind Value t Authority

Outline

- Introduction
- Global Dynamics
- Consumer Trends
- Technological Opportunities
- Challenges to Effective TT in Food
- Actions and Responses
- Conclusions







"To support science-based innovation in the Irish food sector that will underpin profitability, competitiveness and sustainability"







Nutrition & Food Systems face "perfect storm" (Bell, 2016)

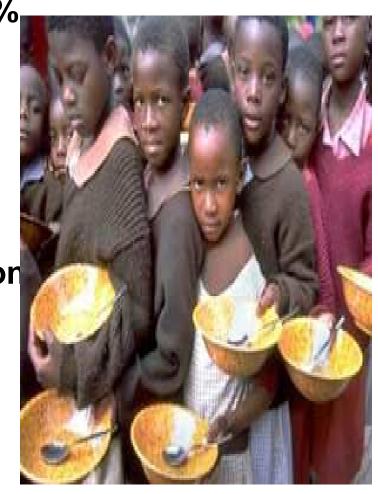




Some Current Challenges

 50% increase demand by 2030, 100% by 2050

- 805 million still hungry (781m in developing countries)
- Vast majority live in rural areas with low income, poor infrastructure, excessive food waste, poor sanitation
- Land and water use limited
- Climate change affects these areas
- Animal based foods questioned





but....

"there are also growing incomes, and an increasing sophistication of consumers with specific demands for food to deliver lifestyle benefits and innovative solutions for different lifestages".





Food waste – latest estimate EU-28







amounting to an estimated

143 BILLION EUROS

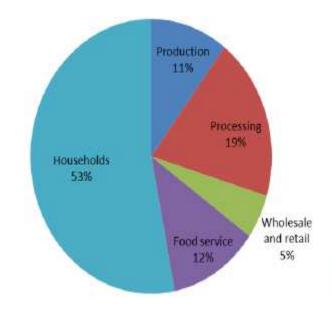


For more information on data and quantification, access the March 2016 PUSIONS reports "Estimates of European Food Waste" & "Food Waste Quantification Hamus! to monitor Food Waste Amounts and Progression"



173 kg pro-capita food waste

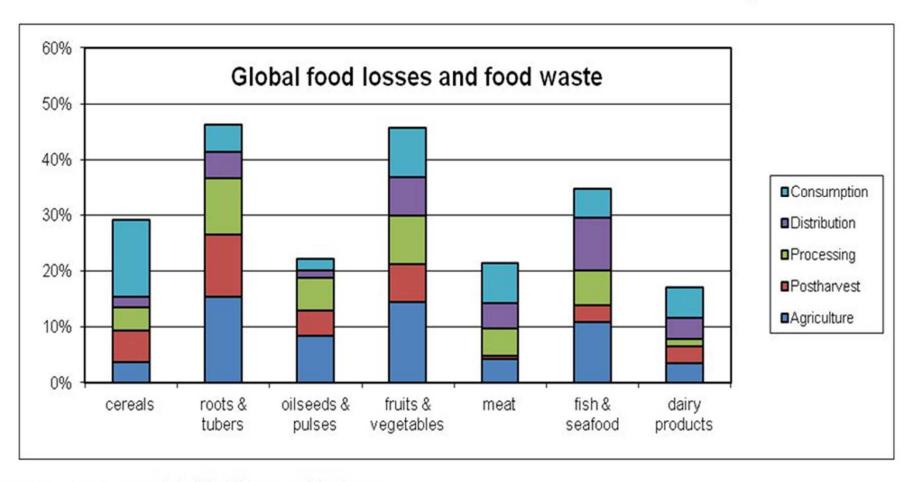
- Equivalent of 20% of all produced food in EU
- 143 billion euros
- ~ 304 Mt CO2 eq (6% of total emissions of GHG in EU28%)



Wageningen Food & Biobased Research



Global food losses and waste: estimated at 1.3 billion tonnes / year

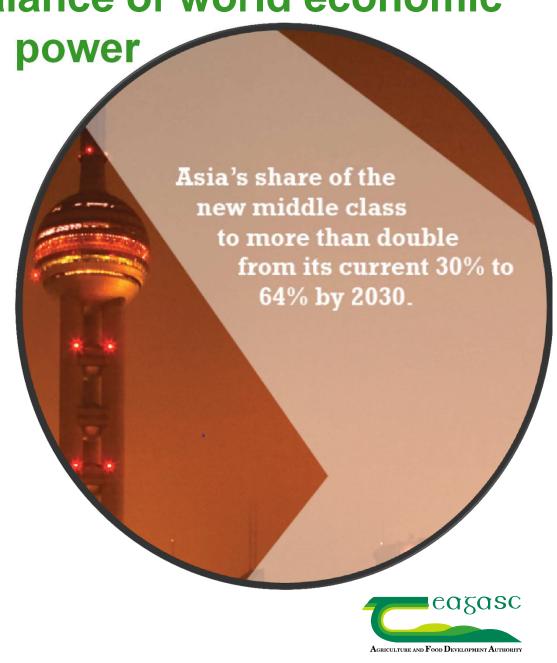


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Source: FAO. 2011. Global food losses and food waste

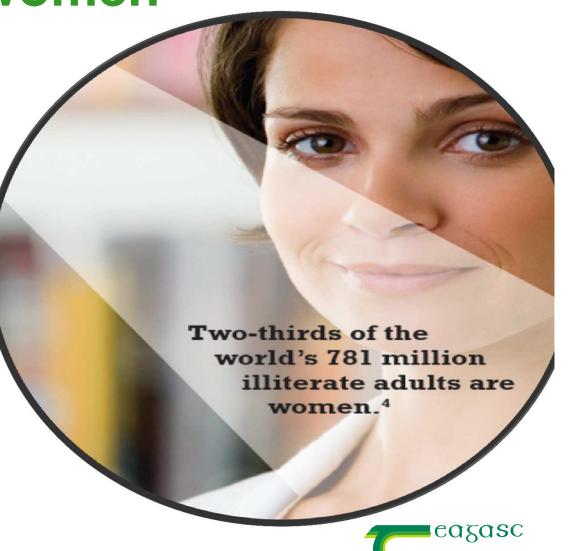
1. Shifts in the balance of world economic

The world economic order has changed. Economies in the South and East are now leaders in terms of GDP. China is ranked number 2 in the world, Brazil number 7 and Russia and India



2. Increasing empowerment of women

Though inequalities remain, women are making huge strides in education, employment and commerce.





3. Global urbanisation

Urban living will increasingly be the norm across the world, raising issues about quality of life and

Teagasc Presentation Footer **CVNAMICS**

By mid-century, twothirds of the world's population will live in cities, compared with just over half today

COMMUNITYRapid urbanization is accelerating the dietary transition



4. Changing attitudes to ageing

Old age will be reinvented. Longer life expectancy will radically alter societal perceptions and priorities related to work, leisure and health.





5. Changing household structures and family roles

The concept of the 'household' will be more diverse and unconventional, and this will also be reflected in more fluid family roles and responsibilities.



6. Increasing economic inequality

The disparity between rich and poor — both within and across regions — is growing.



7. Global rise in lifestyle diseases

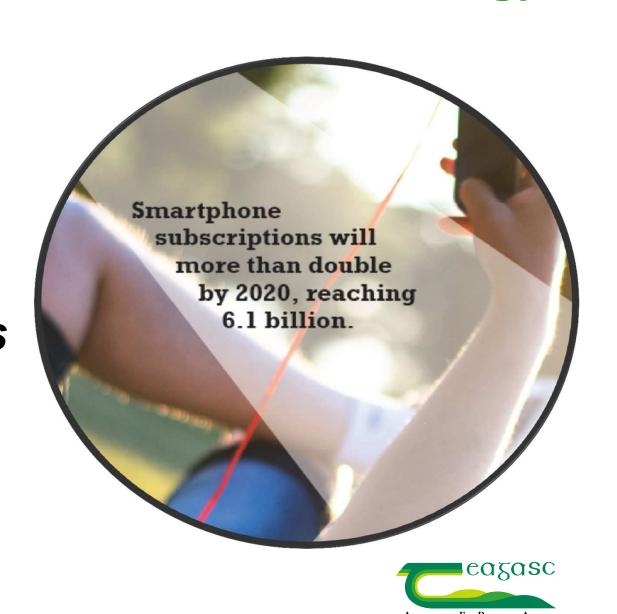
Across the world, rising prosperity and modern conveniences are leading to a higher incidence of lifethreatening health conditions such as obesity, diabetes and heart disease.





8. Rise in the use of mobile technology

Mobile technologies are rapidly becoming the preferred means of Internet access, especially for leapfrogging



Science and technology critical

Key transformative technologies

- 1. Plant and animal genomics and related technologies
- 2. Human, animal and soil microbiota
- Digital technologies
- 4. New technologies for food processing
- Transformation in the food value chain system

Linkages between these technologies obvious



The Irish Agriculture and Food Development



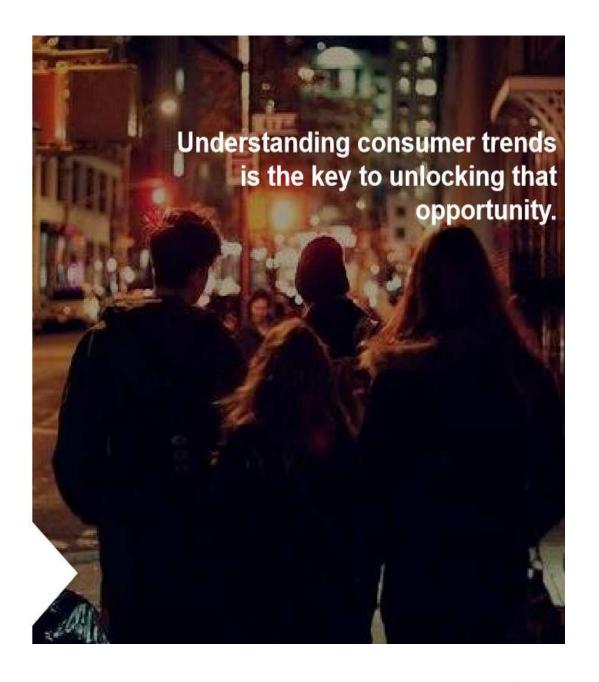
Global Opportunities (examples)

- Gut Microbiome
- Develop healthy food products for different life stages
- New automation and IT-tools in food handling
- Improve food product shelf life
- Novel ingredients
- Sell sustainability
- Smart ingredients

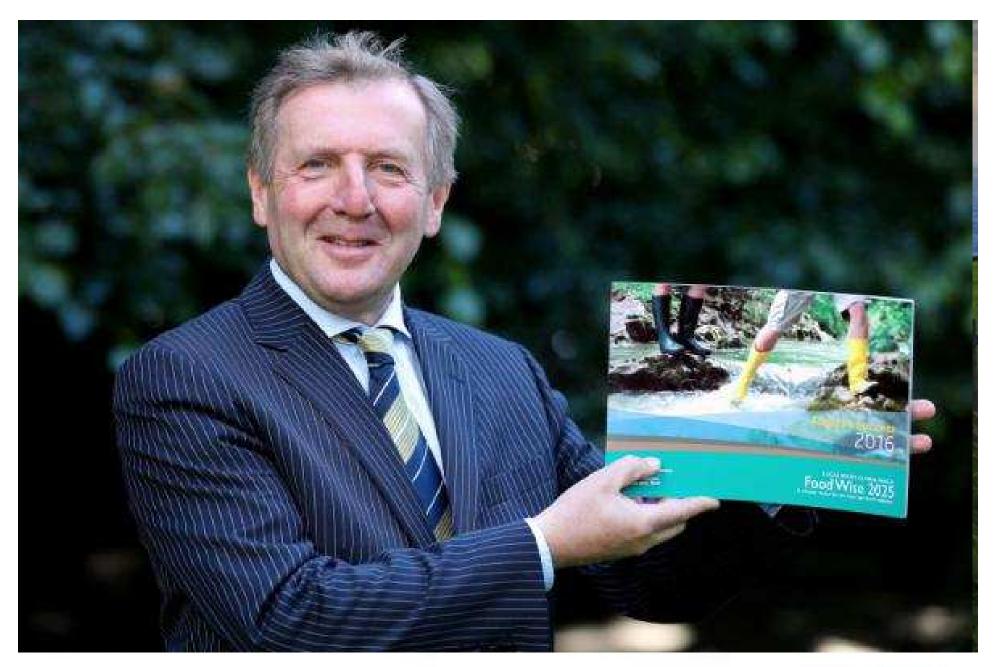
Increasing need for technological solutions by industry and policy makers



But from change and challenge comes opportunity.

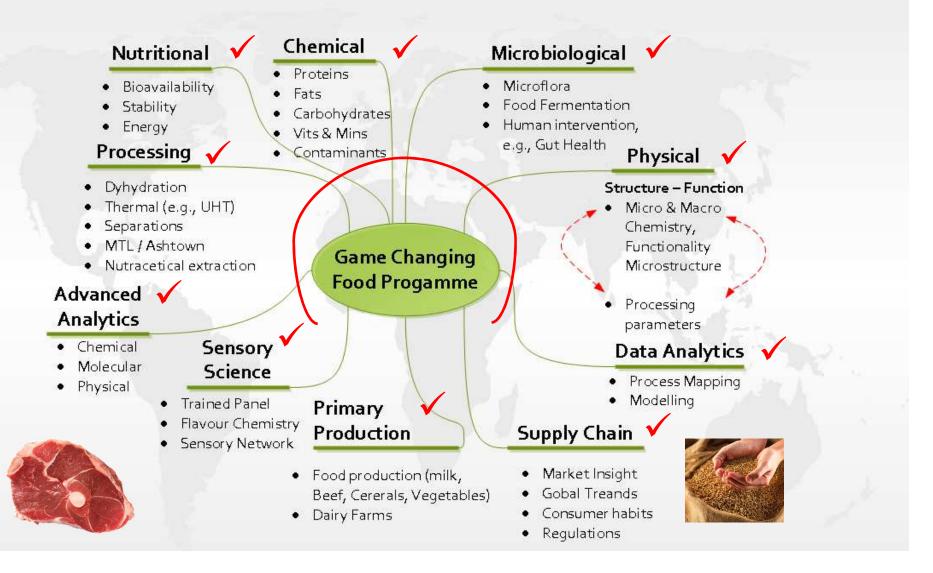




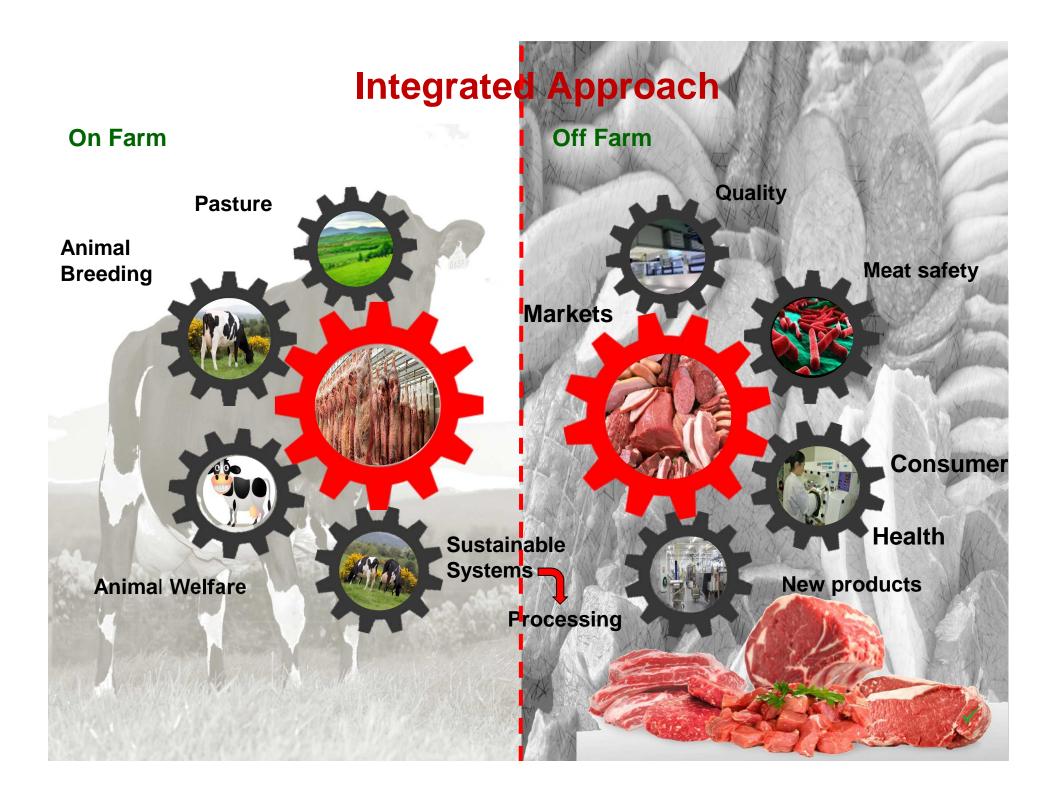




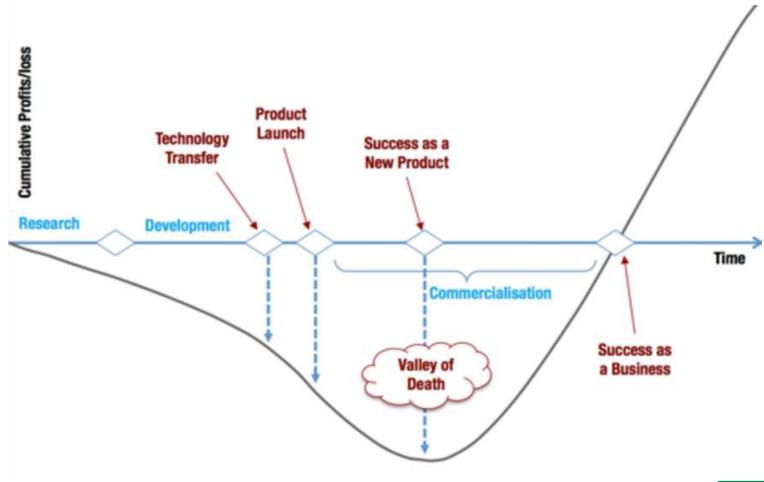
Teagasc Food Research and Innovation Programme



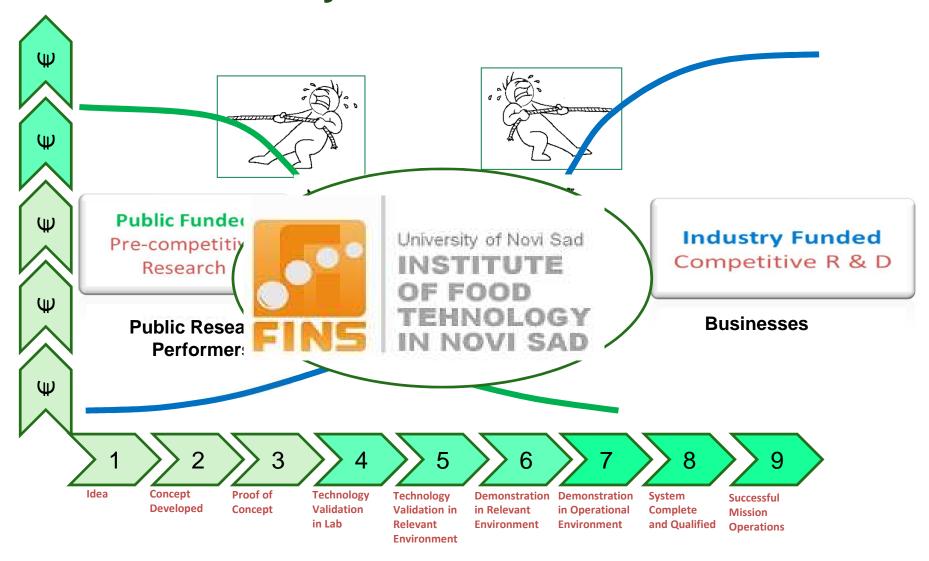




Points of Focus



Innovation Eco-system





Teagasc-industry engagement model







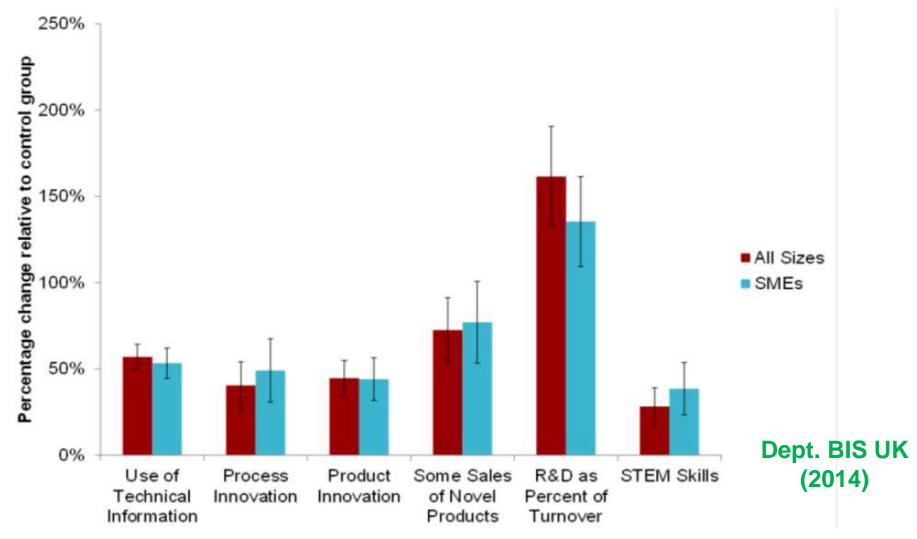






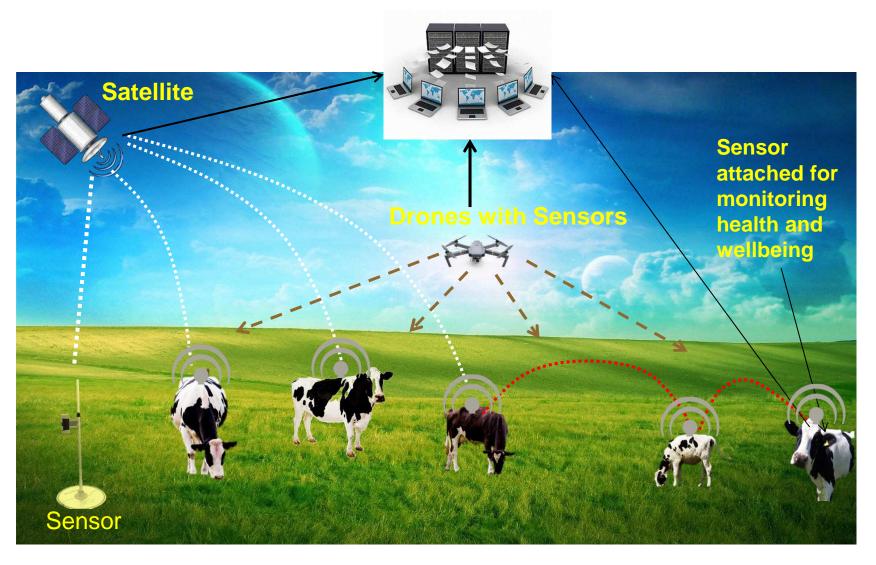


Impact of collaborative research between industry and PRO.



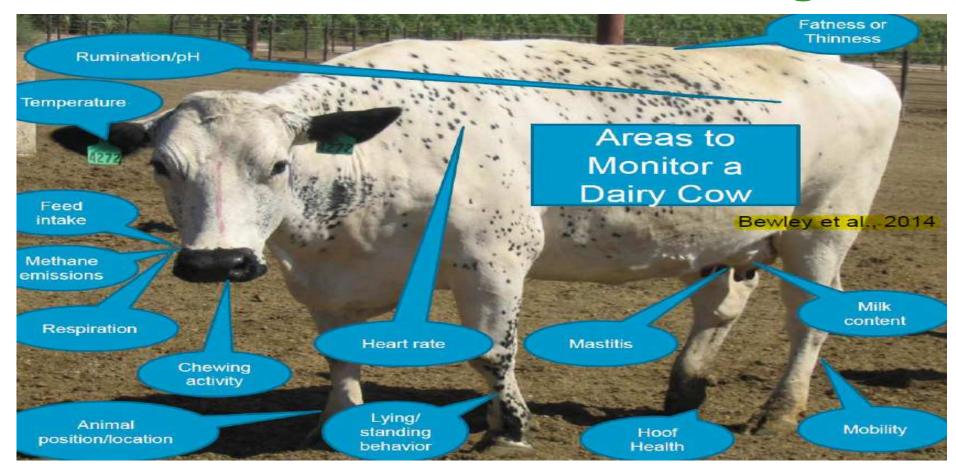


Innovative Technologies at Farm Level





Precision Livestock Farming





Example in meat

- Animal Cleanliness
- Hide/Fleece removal
- Evisceration
- Carcass interventions
- Carcass chilling
- Aerial decontamination
- Boning out
- Meat packaging and distribution
- Meat: In pack interventions
- Spoilage bacteria impacting on shelflife
- Quality factors impacting on shelf-life
- Shelf life prediction models



Drivers of emerging and sustainable technologies in the meat industry

- Regulation
- Surface cleaning and disinfection
- Food safety and shelf life extension
- Nutrient and sensory aspects
- Consumer and processor acceptability
- Technology advances
- Cost and profitability
- Environmental impact



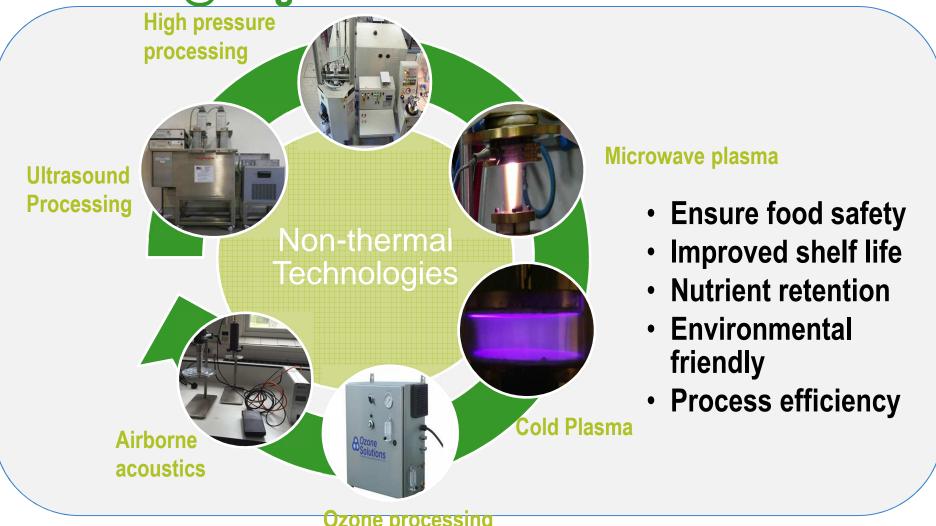


Processing technology





Novel food processing technologies @Teagasc Food Research Centres



Ozone processing



High Pressure Processing





Innovation is a key driver of growth

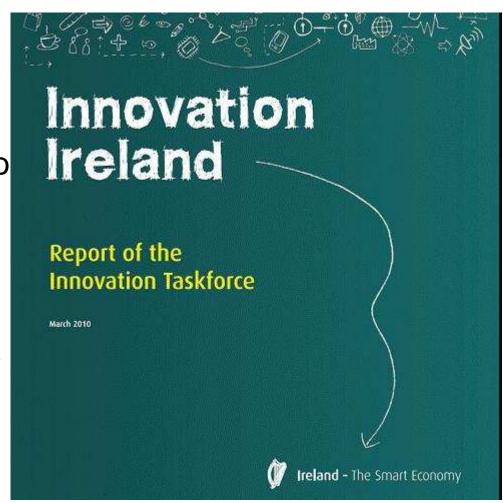
- Innovation the introduction of a new or significantly improved product (good or service), process, or method
- Entails investment aimed at producing new knowledge and using it in various applications





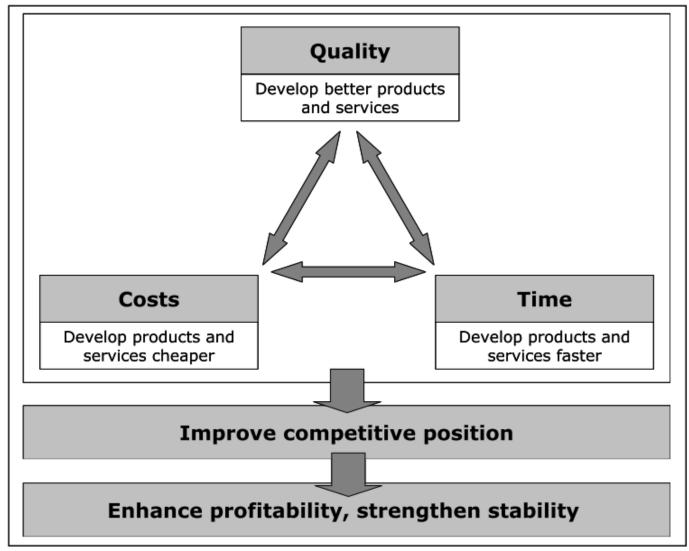
Economic Imperative

- Innovation will be one of the keys to accelerating recovery and putting countries back on a path to sustainable – and smarter – growth.
- Yet the crisis itself poses a number of serious risks and challenges to the innovation ecosystem.





Why innovate??





Sasc

Requirements for Innovation

- Strong infra structures that support innovation including human capital and physical resources
- Public and private investment
- Linking mechanisms that help match supply and demand
- Scientific and technological platforms
- Well educated personnel





Innovation Ecosystem

The Innovation Ecosystem



The innovation ecosystem is a connection between the generation of knowledge and the application of that knowledge on a commercial basis.



Specific Issues in Food Innovation

- Food is perishable
- Part of a complex chain
- Seasonable
- Consumer awareness
- Fragmented industry
- Retailer dominance
- Don't touch my food (highly regulated)
- Conservative industry
- Low absorption capacity and low research and development spend of food sector
- Food innovation is highly contextual
- Must meet a consumer demand
- Consumer and industry conservatism





Issues that Need to be Addressed

- Greater understanding of knowledge transfer is required between researchers and industry in order to commercialise research outcomes
- Potential opportunities are not always recognised by either party.
- Researchers and industry have different agendas where research is concerned.
- For researchers, success is often regarded as producing publications and winning new grants, this does not necessarily incentivise them to focus on translating their research into business opportunities.
- Both are approaching research with two very different mandates requiring expectations to be managed
- Extent of direct personal involvement (relational intensity)
- The relative importance of transfer channels varies

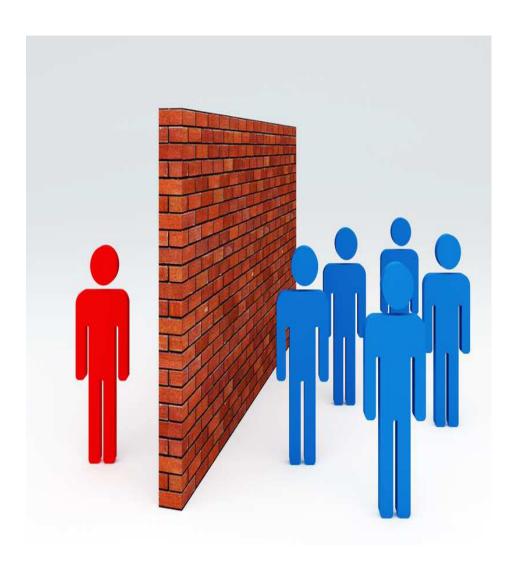


"Capture latent value in stranded projects, and accelerate the path to market for innovation."



Barriers to effective TT

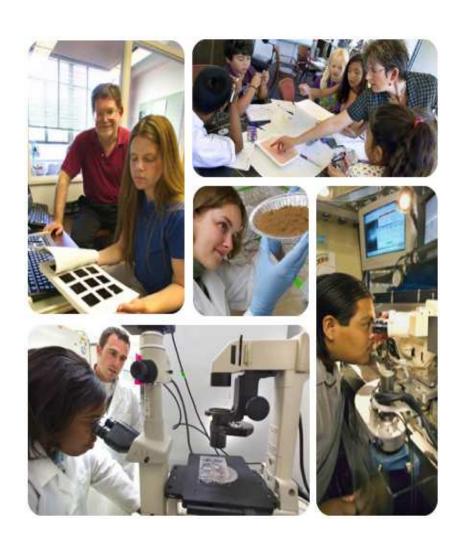
- Lack of spend by companies
- Talent investment
- Absorption capacity
- Assimilate and understand new information
- Cost and risk of getting involved
- Lack of time
- Innovation before its time.
- Fragmented industry and research community
- Lack of effectiveness of interactions with scientists
- Lack of market knowledge
- Lack of senior management commitment





Key People and Supports Needed

- Researcher fully committed, aware of technological opportunity and our strategy, customer friendly and focused, entrepreneurial skills
- Industry- fully committed, solution focused, appropriate absorption capacity
- TTO- fully supportive, coordinated, empathic, time conscious, IP identification and management, a conduit to bring funded projects to commercialization stage, clear process, use of ICT









Teagasc Technology Transfer Channels

- •IP Exploitation (patents, licenses, spin outs)
- Collaborative Research Agreements
- Contract Research
- Strategic Partnerships
- Training
- Services
- Pilot Plant Leasing
- Partnerships
- Workshops
- Demonstrations
- •Placements (in-company or in Teagasc)
- •New!! Food Innovation Hub





Food Technology & Knowledge Transfer Strategy





Overall objective

"To implement a systematic, effective and flexible technology transfer process which supports commercial exploitation of our research outputs and scientific capability through various channels"

Central proposition: every researchers' responsibility















Development of a Technology Marketing Portfolio



- The Portfolio is updated on a six monthly basis and is reissued before a Food Innovation Gateways event.
- The feedback in relation to our Portfolio from companies is very positive.
- Web based, hard copy, USB, DVD forms available.
- The potential to develop an app and also to engage in more social media are being explored.



UPDATE

Technology

EXPERTISE



■ Technology

SERVICE

Technology

PROFILE



Dr. Martin Danaher E-mail: martin danahen@teagasc.le



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1998-2002: PhD student - "Teagasc Walsh Fellow". 1997-1998: R&D Chemist, Gerard Laboratories 2002-Present: Teagasc Food Researcher

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Analytical chemistry. Chromatographic separations, sample purification, mass spectrometry, biosensors and immunoassays.

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Opportun

Residue analysis: Agrochemical, environmental, natural toxins and medicinal adulterants.

Selected Publications

 O'Mahony, J., Moloney, M., McConnell, R.L., Benchith, E.O., Lowry, P., Furey, A., and Danaher, M., (2011). Simultaneous detection of four nitrofuran screening assay. Biosensors and Bioelectronics 26 metabolites in honey using a multiplexing blochip (10), pp. 4076-4081.

 Vinogradova, T., Danaber, M., Baxter, A., Moloney, M., Victory, D. and Haughey, S.A. (2011). Rapid surface plasmon resonance immunoblosensor assay for microcystin toxins in blue-green algae food supplements. Talanta, 84 (3), pp. 638-643.

Determination of antivelimintic drug residues in milk using with other activities and other standard product standard mass spectrometry with rapid policity withthing Journal of Chromatography A, 1217 (27). Whelan, M., Kinzella, B., Furey, A., Moloney, M., Cartiwell, H., Lehotay, S.J. and Danaher, M. (2010).



Teagasc Gateways Events

Four themed events (2 per year)



Brexit Challenge



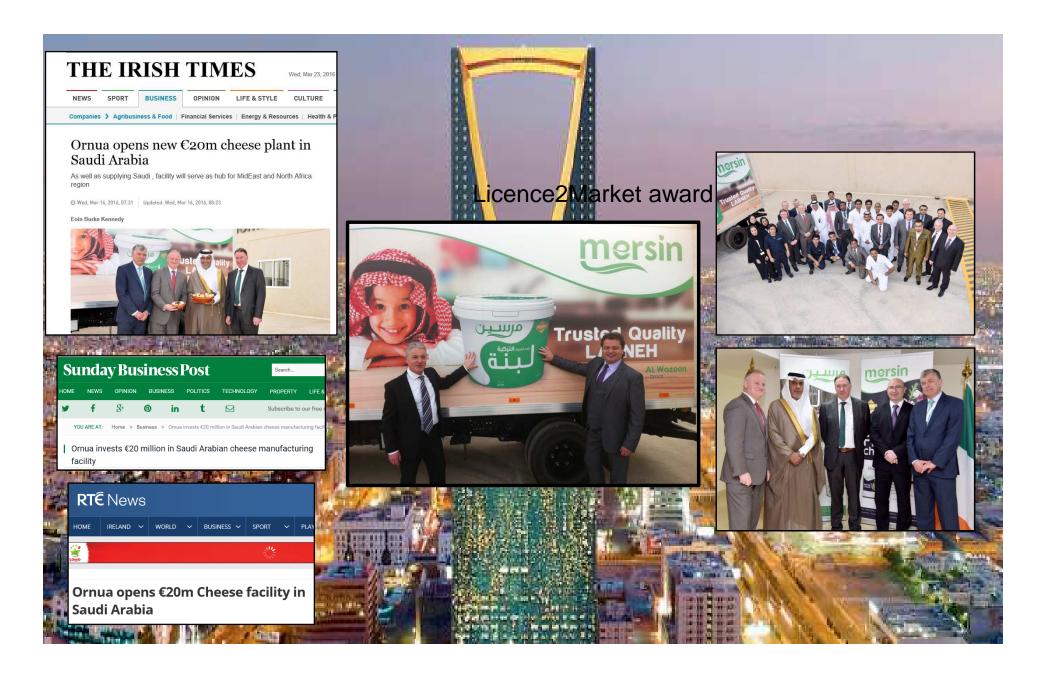


Brexit Technological Response

- Shelf life
- Add value
- Waste streams
- Implement new technologies
- Clean labels
- Lean
- Reformulation
- Diversification
- Food for life stages
- New product development



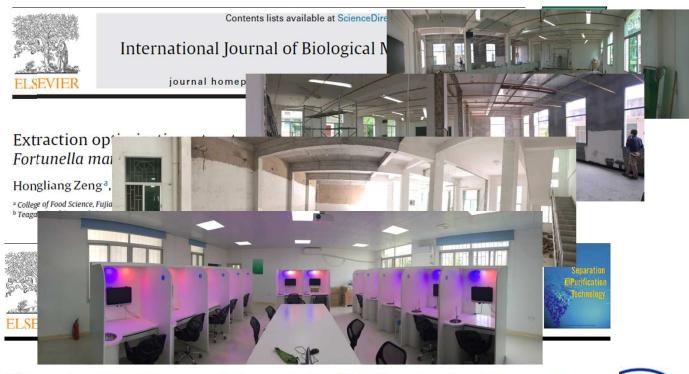






Teagasc Collaborating Universities in China

International Journal of Biological Macromolecules 74 (2015) 232-242



Ultrasonic-microwave synergistic extraction (UMSE) and molecular weight distribution of polysaccharides from Fortunella margarita (Lour.) Swingle

Hongliang Zeng^a, Yi Zhang^a, Shan Lin^a, Yeye Jian^a, Song Miao^b, Baodong Zheng^{a,*}

^a College of Food Science, Fujian Agriculture and Forestry University, Fuzhou, Fujian 350002, PR China

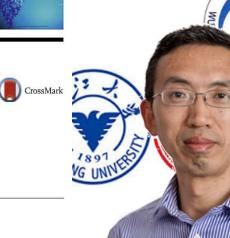
b Teagasc Food Research Centre, Moorepark, Fermoy, Co. Cork, Ireland

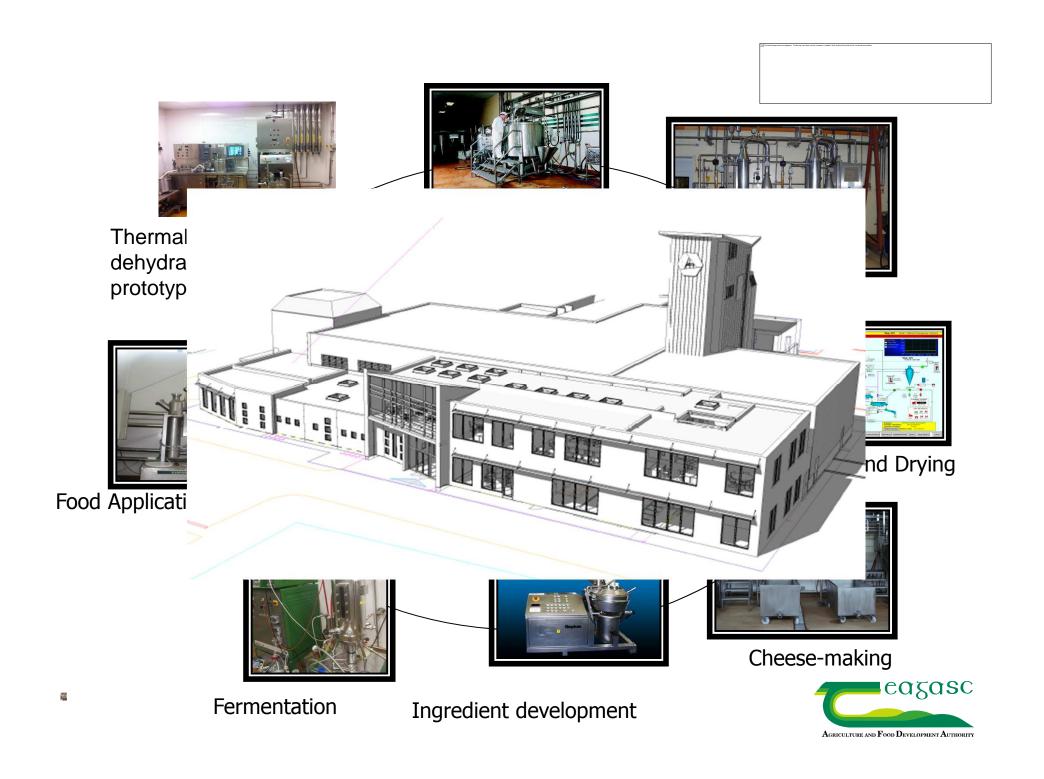
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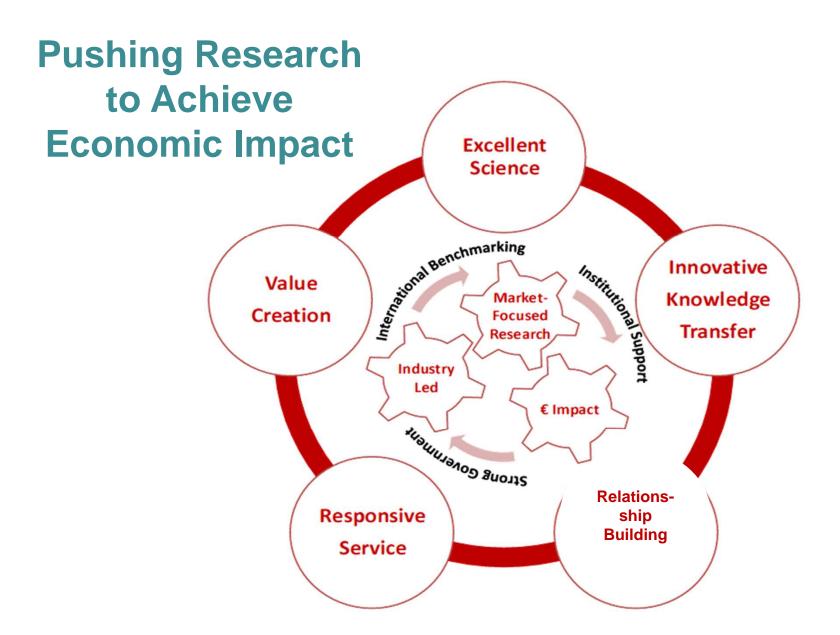




Modern Technology Transfer Offices









Conclusions

- Complexity in system Gateways Portfolio, CRM
- People focused- trustworthy, measures and incentivises, leadership developent
- Dialogue initiated- Gateway events, accessibility of resources, promote awareness and successes, shared vision, increase mobility including students
- The "Valley of death" collaborate with industry
- TTO bureaucracy need to deliver impact, pro-active, easier to do business with, translational metrics
- National innovation landscape- collaborate with other agencies
- Senior management support and buy -in

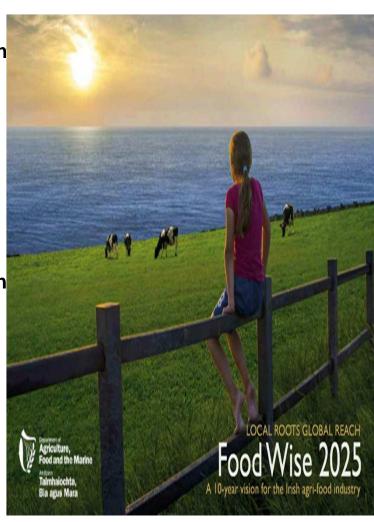






Teagasc Innovation Actions

- Develop an industry-based Walsh Fellowship
 Postgraduate scheme to enhance the scientific absorption capacity of the food SME sector.
- Teagasc to develop proposals for a Food Innovation Hub at its Moorepark campus to deliver a step change in innovation activity in the food industry.
- Teagasc will lead research in collaboration with other research institutions and industry to derive applications from the significant state investment in foods for health.
- Teagasc and the dairy industry to complete the €10 million upgrade of Moorepark Technology Limited pilot plant.
- Exploit potential of genomics to add value at farm level
- Establishment of the Meat Technology Centre
- Create a virtual multi- campus centre of excellence for seafood development in Ireland,







Executive Summary

Vision

We have built a strong research and innovation base in Ireland

We will become a Global Innovation Leader

We will increase public and private investment in research and development

We will enhance the impact of research and innovation for enterprise

We will ensure that education drives innovation

We will focus research and innovation activity on social and economic development

We will support Innovation through the protection and transfer of knowledge

We will engage with the rest of the world in becoming a Global Innovation Leader

We will effectively implement this strategy to become a Global Innovation Leader

EXCELLENCE TALENT IMPACT

Ireland's strategy for research and development, science and technology

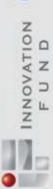






Ministry of Education, Science and Technological Development







Innovation Serbia Project

€8.4 million, financed by the EU through Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA)funds and administered by the WB

- C1: Capacity building of the Innovation Fund
- C2: Piloting financial programs supporting enterprise innovation
- C3: Provision of technical assistance to selected Research and Development Institutions (RDI)



Conclusions

Business needs to proactively engage with knowledge providers with capability

Knowledge providers need to make it easy / easier to do so.

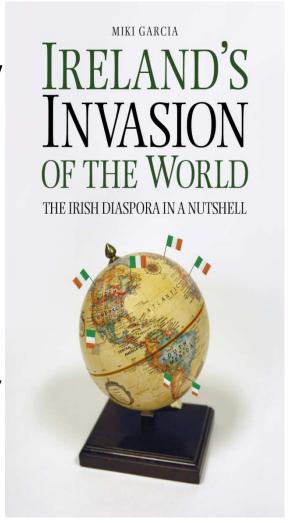
Big drivers and trends make this more urgent

Research and development landscape can be exploited

Identification of business opportunities is critical

Increased technological absorption capacity by companies is essential

Sectoral opportunities needs to be articulated especially in the PCF sector, joint agency / industry effort needed





Need for technology transfer for a resilient food industry

Declan J. Troy, Assistant Director of Research, Teagasc, Ireland.







